

SBCC BUDGET FORUM

January 26 & 28, 2022



- Introductions
- Budget Glossary
- Actuals (District-wide Results)
- Budget History (Facts & Figures)
- 2021-22 Budget
- Highlights from Governor's January Proposed Budget 22-23
- Q&A



Introductions



Budget Glossary

- FTES Full Time Equivalent Students (roughly calculated as 1 FTES = 15 semester units of enrollment)
- STUDENT CENTERED FUNDING FORMULA (SCFF) Formula used to calculate the Total Computational Revenue for all colleges in the Community College System. Funding is provided based on FTES Enrollment (70%), the Number of Low Income Students we serve (20%), and Student Success in 8 different Factors (10%).

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 TOTAL COMPUTATIONAL REVENUE (TCR) – The total revenue the District receives from State Apportionment, Education Protection Act Funds, Local Property Taxes, and Local Enrollment Fees.



Budget Glossary

- GROWTH FUNDING Funding allocated in the state budget to allow for enrollment growth.
- DEFICIT FACTOR When the total money allocated to the Community College System is not sufficient to fund the TCR based on the SCFF Calculations

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- DEFERRAL IOU issued from the State when they do not have enough cash to fund obligations.
- DEFICIT Occurs when the District's expenses are more than the District's Revenues.
- STRUCTURAL DEFICIT Occurs when deficits are consistently projected into the future due to regular ongoing annual expenditures exceeding annual revenues.



• EMERGENCY CONDITIONS ALLOWANCES— Funding allowances due to emergency conditions (including pandemics) that allows districts to not lose FTES apportionment as a result of an emergency or extraordinary condition.



Actuals

Results & Highlights



Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for Select Fiscal Years te and

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Major Object	Title	2018-19 Actual	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Actual
Expenditure	es			
10	Academic Salaries	44,658,303	44,390,886	39,528,777
20	Classified Salaries	21,491,243	22,223,859	19,946,930
30	Employee Benefits	21,228,647	27,640,294	25,657,271
40	Supplies And Materials	1,699,388	1,088,962	632,941
50	Other Operating Expenses & Services	10,578,613	9,524,626	7,307,845
60	Capital Outlay	428,688	493,804	319,609
70	Other Outgo	6,140	6,854	150,000
80	Transfers Out	1,360,000	2,261,758	1,100,764
Total Expe	Total Expenditures		107,631,042	94,644,135
Revenues				
86	State Revenues	42,131,385	49,501,009	46,846,707
88	Local Revenues	56,354,538	55,377,513	50,178,372
89	Other Financing Sources	800,826	420,101	7,211,612
Total Revo	Total Revenues		105,298,623	104,236,691
Net Change in Position		(2,164,273)	(2,332,418)	9,592,556



FY19-20 Highlights

- District's total resident FTES were 13,000; growth incurred across various types of enrollment, including credit, noncredit, and dual enrollment programs.
- District saw growth in State Apportionment revenue due to the implementation of the Student Centered Funding Formula; state revenues increased from \$42.1M to \$49.5M.
- Operating Expenses (excl. Other Outgo and Transfers Out) increased from \$100.1M in FY18-19 to \$100.7MM in FY19-20, due primarily to an increase in CalPERS and CalSTRS contributions.
- Salaries and Benefits, as a percentage of Expenditures, increased from 88.5% in FY 18-19 to 91.0% in FY 19-20.



FY20-21 Highlights

- District's total resident FTES were 10,721 (per Audited Financial Statements); declines incurred across various types of enrollment, including credit, noncredit, and dual enrollment programs.
- District saw a net increase in revenues, as decreases in tuition and apportionment were offset by funding received from the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund
- Employee benefits rose at a slightly higher rate than Salaries due primarily to ongoing increases in required CalPERS and CalSTRS contributions.
- Salaries and Benefits, as a percentage of Expenditures, increased from 91.0% in FY 19-20 to 91.9% in FY 20-21.
- Throughout pandemic, all spending totals declined
- Operating expenses (excl. Other Outgo and Transfers Out) decreased from \$100.7M in FY19-20 to \$89.7MM in FY20-21, due primarily to significant reductions in adjunct faculty and hourly staff.
- Supplies & materials and other operating expenses/services declined at a higher rate than salaries and benefits; 25% vs 10%, respectively.



Budget History

Facts and Figures



FTES Historical Trends

Total Full Time Equivalent Students (FTES) has declined <u>43%</u> since 2009-10. That year had extraordinarily high enrollment as a result of a deep recession and high unemployment that led many to return to college.

COVID Pandemic began in March 2020 - FY2019-20



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Revenues vs Expenditures

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Revenue Distribution

Revenues - Unrestricted General Fund Only

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Note: In FY 17-18, Non-Resident tuition revenue was 16%, significantly higher than 21-22 budget of 7% of total revenues



Expenditure Distribution

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Expenditure Distribution



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Unrestricted General Fund (excluding COVID Mitigation Fund)



STRS/PERS Contributions

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STRS/PERS Contributions

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SBCC COLA History

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STATE COLA's have been passed through to employees from 2012-13 through 2017-18.

	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
State COLA to District	0.0%	1.6%	0.9%	1.0%	0.0%	1.6%	2.7%	3.3%	0.0%	5.07%
District COLA to Employees	0.0%	1.6%	0.9%	1.0%	0.0%	1.6%	7.0%	0.0%	0.0%	unknown
District One-Time Lump Sum to Employees	3.0%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	unknown

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*one-time lump sums in FY12-13 & FY14-15



UGF Transfers

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Budgeted Transfers have been declining from the UGF, but were covered by HEERF in in 2020-21 through Lost Revenue Recoveries



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2021-22 Budget



State & Local Revenues

State Revenue - Ongoing

- The state budget includes a 5.07% COLA (equates to approximately \$4.1M).
- No new changes have been identified for the Student Centered Funding Formula (SCFF) calculation methodology in fiscal year 2021-22.

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- Total Computational Revenue (TCR) assumes 21-22 will be funded based on stability protection funding, which is equivalent to the 20-21 calculated TCR plus the 5.07% COLA. This equates to a 21-22 TCR of approximately \$85.2M.
- Education Protection Act revenue remains flat (Part of TCR).
- Property tax revenue increases by 3% (Part of TCR).
- Lottery revenue remains flat.
- State mandated on going reimbursements remains flat.
- Schott Center funding remains at the medium/large center level (750-1,000 FTES, \$1M).
- Wake Center funding remains at the large center level (> 1,000 FTES, \$1.3 M).
- Approximately \$1.1M of additional funding to increase the number of full-time faculty



State & Local Revenues (cont'd)

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State Revenue - One Time

- Deficit factor is budgeted at 0%.
- State mandated one-time reimbursements are not budgeted.
- State apportionment recalculations and prior year adjustments are not budgeted.
- Deferred maintenance and instructional equipment funding for 2021-22 is estimated at \$5.6M.

Local Revenue

- Enrollment fee revenue declines by 4%, based on the Districts projection of a 4% decline in resident credit FTES from 2020-21 to 2021-22. (*Part of TCR*)
 - The Enrollment fee will remain constant at \$46.00/unit.
- **Out-of-state tuition revenue** is projected to increase by 10% in fiscal year 2021-22 compared to projected FTES for fiscal year 2020-21. \$330,000 increase from \$3.31M to \$3.64M
- International tuition revenue is projected to increase by 5% in 2021-22 in fiscal year 2021-22 compared to projected FTES for fiscal year 2020-21. \$175,000 increase from \$3.52M to \$3.7M



Key Expenditure Assumptions

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• Salary increases related to reclassification of classified staff and managers through agreed upon job reclassification process.

- Permanent staff salaries are budgeted based on current contracts. Any changes in salaries agreed to through the collective bargaining process will result in changes to salary budgets in all funds (*in progress*).
- Annual salary step increases.
- Supplemental Retirement Plan (SRP) Implementation. *Approximately \$3.7M in savings assuming no SRP related vacant positions are replaced in 2021-22.*
- The District is offering a schedule shaped in response to lower predicted enrollment, impacts of COVID-19 on program
 offerings, and continued efforts to be efficient in response to strategic enrollment management. The District will continue
 to maintain low enrolled sections.
- The District will continue with filling only the **most essential vacant positions** in fiscal year 2021-22. Permanent positions that are vacant in 2020-21 will not be budgeted in 2021-22. Potential salary savings of permanent positions that become vacant in 2021-22 are not included in the 2021-22 budget.



Key Expenditure Assumptions (cont'd)

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- Short-term employees (staff/student) budget assumptions:
 - Short-term employee's budget will be approximately \$746,000. *Actual hourly expenditures were approximately \$906,000 in 19-20.*
 - Tutorial budget will remain flat at \$610,000. The tutorial budget is facing reductions totaling \$125,000 from restricted funding sources, and therefore the UGF budget will remain the same as the 20-21 funding level.
 - Reader budget remains flat at \$75,000.
- Employer contributions towards health benefits will increase by 2.2% in 2021-22.

- The State Unemployment Contribution rate of 0.05% remains flat.
- The Workers Compensation insurance rate of 1.7143% remains flat.
- The CalPERS employer contribution rate increases from 20.7% to 23.0%.
- The CalSTRS employer contribution rate decreases from 16.15% to 15.92%.
- Utility budgets return to pre-pandemic levels and increase due to HVAC systems running at all times. *Increase of approximately \$435,000.*
- Marketing budget increases by \$130,000 in support of strategic enrollment management efforts to recruit and retain students through marketing and communications efforts, for both prospective resident and nonresident students.



Key Expenditure Assumptions (cont'd)

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• Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) expenditure budget established within the UGF of \$75,000 in an effort to institutionalize the college's commitment to DEI and support forward directions of the college's DEI work.

- Instructional supply, and printing and duplicating expenses remain in the Lottery Fund. Approximately \$1,258,000.
- Funds from **HEERF III** for recovery of **lost revenues of international and out-of-state tuition** will be transferred to the UGF and then utilized to cover general operating salaries and expenditures. This will result in the **UGF having a surplus** instead of a deficit for fiscal year 2021-22. *Approximately \$6,370,000*. Amount to be updated prior to final Adopted Budget.
- In order to set aside funds for strategic initiatives and potential outcomes from ongoing collective bargaining negotiations, the district has created an appropriation for contingencies in the amount of \$4.1M. The use of these funds will be determined during 2021-22 and it requires board approval prior to being expended.



Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds(HEERF)

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<u>HEERF I</u>

The District was awarded \$5.77M in March 2020 from HEERF I of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act). A minimum of 50% of the funds must be spent on student emergency grants. The projected fund usage is as follows:

- Direct student aid: \$2.88M student emergency grants
- Institutional support: \$2.88M technology devices for employees and students, faculty distance education training, personal protective equipment, HVAC assessments, additional student emergency grants
- These funds were expended within fiscal year 2020-21.



Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds(HEERF) – cont'd

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<u>HEERF II</u>

The District was awarded \$11.79M in December 2020 from HEERF II of the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSAA). A minimum of \$2.88M of the funds must be spent on student emergency grants. The projected fund usage is as follows:

- Direct student aid: \$2.88M student emergency grants
- Institutional support: \$8.907M
 - i. \$300,780 noncredit student emergency grants
 - ii. \$190,275 COVID mitigation related expenditures: HVAC repairs/air purifiers
 - iii. \$8.42M Lost Revenues from fiscal year 2020-21
 - 1. \$4,870,000 international tuition (based on 3-year average)
 - 2. \$1,500,000 out-of-state tuition (based on 3-year average)
 - 3. \$900,000 Food Services (based on 20-21 budget amount)
 - 4. \$165,000 Child Care Center (based on 3-year average)
 - 5. \$450,000 Parking Fund (based on 20-21 budget amount)
 - 6. \$480,000 Campus Store (based on 20-21 budget amount)
 - 7. \$35,000 SEL Fee Based Fund (based on 20-21 budget amount)
 - 8. \$17,000 Athletic ticket sales (based on prior year comparison)
 - 9. Lost revenues incurred by all other restricted funds to be included

Note: These funds will be expended primarily in fiscal year 2021-22.



Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds(HEERF) – cont'd

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HEERF III

The District was awarded \$21.1M in March 2021 from HEERF III of the American Rescue Plan Act. A minimum of 50% of the funds (\$10.736M) must be spent on student emergency grants. The projected fund usage is as follows:

- Direct student aid: \$10.736M student emergency grants
- Institutional support: \$10.383M
 - i. \$300,780 noncredit student emergency grants
 - ii. TBD additional funds for student emergency grants
 - iii. TBD COVID mitigation related expenditures
 - iv. \$8.42M Lost Revenues from fiscal year 2021-22

All figures below are estimates to be updated based on updated projections

- 1. \$4,870,000 international tuition (based on 3-year average)
- 2. \$1,500,000 out-of-state tuition (based on 3-year average)
- 3. \$900,000 Food Services (based on 20-21 budget amount)
- 4. \$165,000 Child Care Center (based on 3-year average)
- 5. \$450,000 Parking Fund (based on 20-21 budget amount)
- 6. \$480,000 Campus Store (based on 20-21 budget amount)
- 7. \$35,000 SEL Fee Based Fund (based on 20-21 budget amount)
- 8. \$17,000 Athletic ticket sales (based on prior year comparison)
- 9. Lost revenues incurred by all other restricted funds to be included

Note: These funds will be expended primarily in fiscal year 2021-22.



2021-22 Adopted Budget: Unrestricted General Fund

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		2020-21 Adopted		2020-21 Audited		2021-22 Adopted	
_		Budget		Actuals		Budget	
Revenue							
State Revenue		42,849,000	•	46,846,707	•	47,073,545	
Local Revenue		49,068,800	;	50,178,372	;	51,800,400	
Total Revenue	\$	\$ 91,917,800		\$ 97,025,079		\$ 98,873,945	
Expenses							
Certificated Salaries	\$	41,206,303	\$ 3	39,528,777	4	42,749,502	
Classified Salaries		21,121,993		19,946,930		21,594,362	
Employee Benefits		22,960,129		25,657,271		21,913,544	
Materials & Supplies		1,621,255		632,941		1,640,600	
Operating Expenses		8,980,042		7,307,845		10,212,338	
Capital Outlay		423,100		319,609		424,500	
Total Expenses		96,312,822	\$	93,393,371	\$ 98,534,845		
Transfers & Other							
Transfers In HEERF Lost Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,370,000	
Other Sources		1,975,000		7,211,612		550,000	
Transfers out		(2,505,000)		(1,100,764)		(2,380,000)	
Contingency		-		-		(4,100,000)	
Other Out Go		(10,000)		(150,000)		(10,000)	
Total Transfers/Other	\$	(540,000)	\$	5,960,849	\$	430,000	
Fund Balance							
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(4,935,022)	\$	9,592,556	\$	769,100	
Beginning Balance, July 1		25,428,798		25,428,798		35,021,354	
Adjustments to Beginning Balance		0		0		0	
Net Fund Balance, June 30	\$	20,493,776	\$:	35,021,354	\$	35,790,455	



2021-22 Budget Update: Unrestricted General Fund

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		12/31/2021	12/31/2021	12/31/2021	12/31/2021	
Major		Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Year-To-Date	Fiscal Year	% of
Object	Title	Ado. Budget	Adj. Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget
Expenditures						
10	Academic Salaries	42,749,502	42,593,970	17,860,318	24,733,653	41.9%
20	Classified Salaries	21,572,011	21,725,543	10,508,380	11,217,163	48.4%
30	Employee Benefits	21,911,439	21,934,717	9,361,225	12,573,493	42.7%
40	Supplies And Materials	1,640,600	1,646,500	959,804	686,696	58.3%
50	Other Operating Expenses & Services	10,212,338	10,215,738	4,482,436	5,733,302	43.9%
60	Capital Outlay	424,500	427,200	60,144	367,056	14.1%
70	Other Outgo	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	0.0%
80	Transfers Out	2,380,000	2,380,000	1,090,000	1,290,000	45.8%
79	Contingency	4,100,000	4,100,000	-	4,100,000	0.0%
Total Expend	ditures	105,000,390	105,033,669	44,322,307	60,711,362	42.2%
Revenues						
81	Federal Revenues	-	-	-	-	-
86	State Revenues	47,073,545	47,073,545	20,336,237	26,737,308	43.2%
88	Local Revenues	58,170,400	58,170,400	25,131,265	33,039,135	43.2%
89	Other Financing Sources	550,000	550,000	7,493	542,507	1.4%
Total Reven	ues	105,793,945	105,793,945	45,474,995	60,318,950	43.0%
Total		793,555	760,276	1,152,689	(392,413)	



Board Policy on Reserves

Board Policy 6305, Reserves, established that the District sets aside:

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- 5% Unrestricted General Fund Expenditures (State Minimum)
- Plus the GREATER of either:
 - 15% of Unrestricted General Fund Expenditures or
 - State Deferrals

In Addition:

- \$2,000,000 Construction Fund Reserve
- \$1,500,000 Equipment Fund Reserve



Reserve Balances

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			une 30, 2020 udited Actual iding Balance	June 30, 2021 Audited Actual Ending Balance		June 30, 2022 Projected Budget Ending Balance	
	Designated:						
Unrestricted General Fund	Additional Reserve required to meet 15% Principle Total Designated	\$	5,268,464	\$	4,677,169	\$	5,132,242
		\$	15,805,393		14,031,506		15,396,727
and COVID Mitigation		\$	21,073,857	\$	18,708,674	\$	20,528,969
Fund		\$	4,354,941	\$	16,312,680	\$	9,225,153
	Total Fund Balance		25,428,798	\$	35,021,354	\$	29,754,122
	% Designated Ending Balance/Expenditu % Total Ending Balance/Expenditures		21.60% 24.13%		20.03% 37.50%		20.83% 30.20%

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Fund Balance History

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Unrestricted General Fund and COVID Mitigation Fund

Fund Balance as Percentage of Expenditures

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Reserve Balances





Governor's Proposed Budget 2022-23



2022-23 Budget

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Governor's January Proposed Budget

- The January Proposed Budget is preliminary
- Many changes occur between now and the May Revise
- SBCC uses the May Revise to build its budget
- State Budget Information available at <u>https://www.ebudget.ca.gov/</u>





ONGOING ADJUSTMENTS

- <u>COLA (Unrestricted General Fund)</u> \$409.4 million for a 5.33% COLA from ongoing apportionment. *Approximately \$4,500,000 for SBCC.*
- <u>COLA (Restricted Funds)</u> \$47.6 million for a 5.33% COLA for the Adult Ed, EOPS, DSPS, CalWORKs and the Child Care Tax Bailout programs. *Approximately \$523,000 for SBCC*.
- <u>SEA Program, Strong Workforce, and other student support programs</u> No COLA. The budget provides the same level of funding as 2021-22 for the Student Equity and Achievement Program and Strong Workforce.



2022-23 Budget (cont'd)

ONE-TIME ADJUSTMENTS

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• <u>Deferred Maintenance and Instructional Equipment</u> - \$387.6 million funding proposed in Governor's budget. *Approximately \$4.3 million for SBCC.*

OTHER NOTABLE ADJUSTMENTS

<u>Pension Costs</u> – State Buydown of \$3.5 billion in pension liabilities to assist in covering increases to CalSTRS & CalPERS Rates for the state, but not for the employers. The 2022-23 rates are projected to be 19.1% and 26.1%(TBD), respectively.



2022-23 Budget (cont'd)

OTHER NOTABLE CHANGES

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- The COVID-19 Emergency Conditions Allowance will expire at the end of 2021-22
- Student Centered Funding Formula's (SCFF)
 - Existing minimum revenue (hold harmless) provision by one year, through 2024-25
 - Districts will earn at least their 2017-18 total computational revenue, adjusted by COLA each year
 - A district's 2024-25 funding would represent its new "floor"
- For the District, modified protections will result in similar funding in FY22-23 as in FY21-22



Closing Comments





Questions?